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The Official Committee of Equity Holders (the "Equity Committee") of Ironclad
Performance Wear Corporation, a Nevada Corporation ("Ironclad Nevada"), by and through its
undersigned counsel Dentons US LLP, respectfully submits its limited objection and reservation
of rights (the "Limited Objection") with respect to the Emergency Motion For Entry Of An
Interim Order: (I) Authorizing The Debtors To (A) Obtain Post-Petition Financing Pursuant To
11 U.S.C. §§¹ 105, 361, 362 And 364, And (B) Utilize Cash Collateral Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§
361, 362, 363 And 364; (II) Granting Adequate Protection Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§ 361, 362,
363 And 364; (III) Scheduling A Final Hearing Pursuant To Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b) And
4001(c); And (IV) Granting Related Relief (the "Cash Collateral Motion") filed by the above-
referenced debtors (collectively, the "Debtors"). [Docket No. 7]. In support of the Limited
Objection, the Equity Committee respectfully states as follows:

I.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

A. <u>GENERAL BACKGROUND.</u>

- 1. On September 8, 2017 (the "Petition Date"), Ironclad Performance Wear Corporation, a California corporation, filed a voluntary petition under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, commencing Case No. 1:17-bk-12048-MB in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California (the "Bankruptcy Court").
- 2. On September 8, 2017, Ironclad Nevada filed a voluntary petition in the Bankruptcy Court under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, commencing Case No. 1:17-bk-12049-MB (the "Nevada Case").
- 3. On September 11, 2017, the Debtors filed their Ex Parte Motion For Entry Of An Order For Joint Administration Of Cases. Docket No. 5.

¹ All references to "section or "§" herein are to sections of the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532, as amended (the "Bankruptcy Code").

4.	On	September	12,	2017,	the	Court	entered	an	Order	Approving	Joint
Administration	of (Cases Author	izing	Joint 2	Admii	nistratio	on Pursuo	ant t	o 11 U.	S.C. § 105(a	a) and
Federal Rule o	of Bai	nkruptcy Pro	cedur	re 1015	<i>(b)</i> . I	Oocket l	No. 25.				

- 5. On September 20, 2017, the Office of the United States Trustee filed its *Notice of Appointment of Official Committee of Equity Holders* (the "Notice of Appointment"). Docket No. 59. The Notice of Appointment provides for the appointment of the Equity Committee in Ironclad Nevada.
- 6. On September 22, 2017, the Office of the United States Trustee filed its *Notice of Appointment of Creditors' Committee*. Docket No. 62.
- 7. The 341(a) Meeting of Creditors is scheduled for October 11, 2017. Docket No. 27.

B. RELEVANT FACTS RELATED TO CASH COLLATERAL MOTION.

- 8. On September 11, 2017, the Debtors filed the *Omnibus Declaration Of L. Geoff Greulich In Support Of Debtor' Emergency "First Day" Motions* (the "Greulich Declaration"). Docket No. 6. The Grelich Declaration attached as Exhibit "7" that certain *Debtor-In-Possession Credit Agreement and Agreement For the Use of Cash Collateral* (the "DIP Loan"), dated September 8, 2017, between the Debtors and Radians Wareham Holding, Inc. ("Radians"). That certain Asset Purchase Agreement (the "APA") between the Debtors and Radians is attached as Exhibit "A" to the DIP Loan.
- 9. According to the Greulich Declaration, prior to the Petition Date, on July 25, 2017, Radians acquired the Debtors' prepetition secured debt from Capital One, N.A.. See Greulich Declaration, at 7-8. Docket No. 6. The Debtors and Radians then entered into a series of short forbearance agreements that ultimately expired on August 24, 2017. *Id.* While the Debtors were in negotiations with a number of prospective lenders and prospective buyers and/or merger partners, Radians began exercising remedies upon the expiration of the forbearance period and started "sweeping" the Debtors' cash. *Id.*
- 10. On September 11, 2017, the Debtors filed the Cash Collateral Motion. Docket No.7. In addition to the Greulich Declaration filed in support of the Cash Collateral Motion, the

amendments (the "Kim Declaration"). Docket No. 8.

Interim Order: (I) Authorizing The Debtors To (A) Obtain Post-Petition Financing Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, 362 And 364, And (B) Utilize Cash Collateral Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§ 361, 362, 363 And 364; (II) Granting Adequate Protection Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§ 361, 362, 363 And 364; (III) Scheduling A Final Hearing Pursuant To Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b) And 4001(c); And (IV) Granting Related Relief Filed by Debtor Ironclad Performance Wear Corporation, a California corporation, 10 Emergency motion / Debtors' Motion For An Order: (1) Approving Form Of Asset Purchase Agreement For Stalking Horse Bidder And For Prospective Overbidders To Use, (2) Approving Auction Sale Format, Bidding Procedures, And Stalking Horse Bid Protections; (3) Approving Form Of Notice To Be Provided To Interested Parties; And (4) Scheduling A Court Hearing To Consider Approval Of The Sale To The Highest Bidder (the "Bidding Procedures and APA Motion"). Docket No. 15.

Debtors filed the declaration of Monica Kim attaching certain UCC-1 financing statements and

- 12. On September 13, 2017, the Court entered the Interim Order: (I) Authorizing The Debtors To (A) Obtain Postpetition Financing Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, 362 And 364, And (B) Utilize Cash Collateral Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§ 361, 362, 363 And 364; (II) Granting Adequate Protection Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 361, 362, 363 and 364; (III) Scheduling A Final Hearing Pursuant to Bankrutpcy Rules 4001(b) And 4001(c); And (IV) Granting Related Relief. Docket No. 31.
- 13. On September 27, 2017, the Court entered the Second Interim Order (1) authorizing the Debtors to (A) Obtain Postpetition Financing PUrsuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, 362 and 364 and (B) Utilize Cash Collateral Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 361, 362,363 and 364; (II) Granting Adequate Protection Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 167 0167 361, 362, 363 and 364; (III) Scheduling A Final Hearing Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 40401(b) and 4001(c); and (IV) Granting Related Relief. Docket No. 70.

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14. On September 28, 2017, the Court entered an order approving the Bidding Procedures and APA Motion (the "Bid Procedures Order"). Docket No. 71. Paragraph 6 of the Bid Procedures Order provides:

> In accordance with Section 11.2 of the APA, in the event that the APA is terminated by the Debtors and the Debtors pursue an Alternative Transaction (defined as a competing bid that is higher or better than the stalking horse bid after consideration by the Debtors [in consultation with the OCUC and the OCEH] and the Court), the Debtors shall immediately become obligated to pay Radians the Break-Up Fee in accordance with the terms of the APA and this Order, recognizing that the Debtors shall pay the Break-Up Fee to Radians in connection with the closing or consummation of such Alternative Transaction. In the event that the APA is terminated pursuant to any other provision of Section 11.1, Radians shall not be entitled to the Break-Up Fee.

15. On September 28, 2017, the Debtors filed the Stipulation Extending Deadline For Official Committee Of Unsecured Creditors And Official Committee Of Equity Holders To File An Objection To Entry Of A Final Order: (I) Authorizing The Debtors To (A) Obtain Postpetition Financing Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, 362 And 364, And (B) Utilize Cash Collateral Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§ 361, 362, 363 And 364; (II) Granting Adequate Protection Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. §§ 361, 362, 363 And 364; (III) Scheduling A Final Hearing Pursuant To Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b) And 4001(c); And (IV) Granting Related Relief. Docket No. 72.

II.

OBJECTIONS TO DIP LOAN PROVISIONS

Acknowledging that Congress, in Chapter 11, delicately balanced the hope of debtors to reorganize and the expectations of creditors for payment, the courts have focused their attention on proposed financing terms that would tilt the conduct of the bankruptcy case; prejudice, at an early stage, the powers and rights that the Bankruptcy Code confers for the benefit of all creditors; or leverage the Chapter 11 process by preventing motions by parties-in-interest from being decided on their merits. See, e.g., In re Ames Dept. Stores, Inc., 115 B.R. 34, 38 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1990) (citing In re Tenney Village Co., Inc., 104 B.R. 562, 568 (Bankr. D.N.H. 1989)). Thus, a court should approve a proposed debtor-in-possession financing only if such financing is in the best interests of the general creditor body. In re Roblin Industries, Inc., 52 B.R. 241, 244

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(Bankr. W.D.N.Y. 1985); *In re LandSource Communities Dev. LLC* (Bankr. D. Del. July 25, 2008) (KJC) (refusing to approve debtor in possession financing that was "not fair and reasonable" under the circumstances). Moreover, the proposed financing must be "fair, reasonable, and adequate." *In re Crouse Group, Inc.*, 71 B.R. 544, 546 (Bankr. E.D. Pa. 1987).

The Equity Committee does not dispute that the Debtors need post-petition financing in these cases, but the terms of the financing should not deprive the estates of possible rights and powers. As a consequence, the Equity Committee requests that certain provisions described below be modified or eliminated.

1. Preservation of the Right to Challenge the Validity and Enforceability of Liens.

Section 5.2 provides that the Debtors "acknowledge the validity and enforceability of the security interest in the Pre-Petition Collateral granted in favor of the Lender under the Pre-Petition Loan Documents." Section 5.2 (b), Use Of Cash Collateral, Acknowledgments of Borrowers as to the Revolving Loan and the Pre-Petition Loan Documents.

The Second Interim Order provides that "Nothing in this Order shall impair or prejudice the rights of any creditor, future trustee or shareholders, individually or through any official committee appointed in these Cases to "challenge the validity, perfection or enforceability of the Lender's pre-petition liens [.]" Docket No. 70, Second Interim Order, at 18.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Equity Committee requests that the foregoing language in any final order incorporate additional language to clarify that the Equity Committee and creditors may pursue claims and causes of action in their individual capacity and on behalf of the estate to challenge the validity, perfection or enforceability of Radians' prepetition liens.

2. <u>Lien Challenges By Parties Other Than The Debtors Should Not Constitute An</u> Event of Default.

a. Section 10.1(f).

Section 10.1(f) provides that the following event constitutes an Event of Default: "Borrowers shall institute any proceeding or investigation or *support the same by any other Person* who may challenge the status, validity, perfection or priority of the Liens on the Collateral

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created by the Loan Documents, or the Financing Order securing the Obligations." DIP Loan, Art. X, § 10.1 (f), Event of Default.

This language -- that provides that an Event of Default includes the Debtors "support" of any person who challenges Radians' liens -- is overly broad. For example, the Equity Committee may need to conduct an investigation and request information from the Debtors, and the overly broad language could be construed to mean that the Debtors cannot provide the information or assist the Equity Committee or other party as otherwise appropriate. The Debtors must be able to fulfill their statutory duties and reasonably cooperate in any investigation without being in default. Thus, the Equity Committee respectfully requests that the language "or support the same by any other Person" be modified so that it is clear cooperation with other constituents does not constitute an event of default.

b. Section 10.1(k).

The DIP Loan Agreement includes as an Event of Default "the entry an order staying, reversing, or vacating the Credit Advances, any Liens securing the Obligations (or the validity or first priority status thereof) or the Financing Order." DIP Loan, Art. X, § 10.1(k). This provision should contain an express exemption for challenges initiated by the Equity Committee, the Creditors' Committee, individual creditors, and equity security holders, in their individual capacities or on behalf of the estates.

3. <u>Modification Of The November 15 Deadline Should Not Constitute An Event of Default Under Specified Circumstances.</u>

The construction of three provisions in the DIP Loan provide Radians with the sole authority to accelerate the Loans and trigger the default interest rate if the Sale Order is not entered by November 15, 2017 (the "November 15 Deadline"):

"Outside Date" means the date that is 120 days following the Closing Date (unless extended by one optional 30-day extension at the request of the Borrowers, and granted in the sole discretion of the Lender)." DIP Loan, Art. I, *Definitions And Accounting Terms*, at 6.

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- "Except as otherwise set forth [therein] or in the Financing Order, the Post-Petition Obligations, together with any fees, costs or expenses due Lender under the Post-Petition Note, shall be due and payable on the earlier date to occur of (i) the date of the Closing of the Asset Sale; (ii) the Outside Date (the "Maturity Date"); or (iii) upon acceleration of the Post-Petition Note pursuant to the terms hereof. DIP Loan, Art. II, Amounts And Terms of Credit Advances, § 2.3(e), Interest, at 9 (emphasis added).
- "[T]he failure of Borrowers to have the Bankruptcy Court enter an order not later than November 15, 2017 or such later date as may be agreed upon in writing by the parties hereto (the "Sale Order") approving a sale of substantially all of Borrower's assets and providing for the immediate repayment in full of the Obligations from the proceeds of such sale" constitutes an Event of Default. DIP Loan, Art. X, *Events of Default*, § 10.1(n) (emphasis added).

The aforementioned provisions present at least two issues. First, the APA contemplates that the Debtors may terminate the APA with Radians and pursue an Alternative Transaction. See Bid Procedures Order, Section 11.2. Thus, any final agreement should provide sufficient flexibility, so that the November 15 Deadline can be extended or eliminated (e.g., the Debtors file a plan of reorganization) and not constitute an Event of Default. Moreover, the November 15 Deadline is inappropriate considering Radians is protected by the Break-Up Fee granted in the Bid Procedures Order. Specifically, if Radians it not the winning bidder, Radians will receive a \$500,000 Break-Up Fee. See Bid Procedures Order at ¶ 5(g). Thus, Radians could both collect a \$500,000 Break-Up Fee, and commence foreclosure proceedings if the November 15 Deadline is not met.

Second, the meaning of "immediate" repayment to Radians is not clear. "Immediate" repayment may not be a problem if "immediate" means within 48 hours of the Debtors' receipt of the funds the Debtors will pay Radians. If "immediate" has a different definition, then this must clarified to ensure that it does not cause practical problems.

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Immediate Termination Of The Automatic Stay Is Inappropriate. 4.

Under the "Interim Order," if an Event of Default is not cured within three (3) business days or the Debtors fail to notify the Lender in writing as to the nature of the dispute with the Notice of Default and file an emergency motion with the Bankruptcy Court, the "automatic stay shall terminate," and the Lender shall be permitted to exercise any remedies permitted by law." Interim Order, Event of Default, ¶ (j).

The remedy of immediate relief from the automatic stay premised on the Events of Default is egregious, particularly where Radians is oversecured and any such relief would destroy any value in these estates. Indeed, in the Event of Default, the Debtors only recourse is to contest the Event of Default, which strips the Debtors, the Equity Committee and other parties of the right to oppose relief from automatic stay under the applicable standards. After discussions with the Debtors and Radians, it appears that Radians is willing to agree that, in the Event of Default, the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee would not only have the right to contest the default (as the estates do), but can also (within the same filing period) object to lifting of the stay in favor of Radians and have the Court decide whether termination of the stay is warranted. The foregoing proposal is acceptable to the Equity Committee provided that the period within which to cure or file any type of motion is extended from three (3) business days to five (5) business days.

5. The 506 (c) Surcharge Waiver Is Objectionable.

The DIP Loan provides that Borrowers will not seek or consent to a priority claim or administrative claim or unsecured claims against Borrowers, including, without limitation, any administrative expense of the kind specified in, among others, Section 506(c) "superior to the priority claim of the Lender in respect of the Obligations, except with respect to the Carve Out." DIP Loan, Art. VIII, § 8.15(b), at 21. An Event of Default is "the entry of an order granting any other super-priority claim or Lien equal or superior in priority to the Lien securing the Obligations granted to the Lender, other than the Carve Out, without the Lender's prior written consent [.]. DIP Loan, Art. X, Events of Default, § 10.1 (j).

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To the extent that this is construed as a section 506(c) surcharge waiver, the Equity Committee objects to this provision.

Radians' Proposed Lien Should Not Attach To Certain Assets.

According to the documents filed by the Debtors, Capital One filed a UCC-1 in California and a UCC-1 in Nevada, both of which were assigned to Radians by UCC-3. See Kim Declaration, at 2. There are not any perfection documents that cover trademarks or patents (the "IP"). The DIP Loan, however, purports to grant a security interest in the Debtors' IP. There is no dispute that Radians is oversecured and has more than sufficient collateral, and, thus, the Debtors should not be required to provide a lien on additional collateral.

7. Debtors' Release and Waiver of Future Claims Is Unwarranted.

The proposed releases of Radians include not just claims arising with respect to the prepetition loan obligations, but also a release from "any and all claims" against such parties and the released parties. DIP Loan, Art. IX, Miscellaneous, § 11.13. The releases include a laundry list of affiliates but does not limit those release obligations to those parties in the capacity as representatives of Radians and solely in capacity with respect to the loans. Moreover, the Debtors propose to wave not only claims and causes of action arising out of or related to Radians' prepetition loan documents, but also the proposed debtor-in-possession loan documents. If effect, this is asking the estates to waive claims for future torts and breaches of the debtor-in-possession loan documents, and as such, the proposed waiver is inappropriate. Moreover, any waiver by the estates should not be effective until the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee have sufficient time to investigate and challenge Radians' liens, if necessary.

The Equity Committee Must Receive Notice. 8.

The Equity Committee should receive notice a default and have standing to challenge any default as set forth above.

III.

RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

Nothing in this Objection should be construed as a waiver of any of the Equity Committee's rights, claims, interests or arguments with respect to the Motion or any other issue in

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PROOF OF SERVICE OF DOCUMENT

I am over the age of 18 and not a party to this bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding. My business address is 601 South Figueroa Street, Suite 2500, Los Angeles, CA 90017:

A true and correct copy of the foregoing document entitled (specify): OFFICIAL COMMITTEE OF EQUITY HOLDERS LIMITED OBJECTION AND RESERVATION OF RIGHTS RE DEBTORS' EMERGENCY MOTION FOR ENTRY OF AN INTERIM ORDER: (I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO (A) OBTAIN POST-PETITION FINANCING PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, 362 AND 364, AND (B) UTILIZE CASH COLLATERAL PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. §§ 361,362, 363 AND 364; (II) GRANTING ADEQUATE PROTECTION PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. §§ 361, 362, 363 AND 364; (III) SCHEDULING A FINAL HEARING PURSUANT TO BANKRUPTCY RULES 4001(B) AND 4001(C); AND (IV) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF will be served or was served (a) on the judge in chambers in the form and manner required by LBR 5005-2(d); and (b) in the manner stated below:

- 1. TO BE SERVED BY THE COURT VIA NOTICE OF ELECTRONIC FILING (NEF): Pursuant to controlling General Orders and LBR, the foregoing document will be served by the court via NEF and hyperlink to the document. On (date) October 3, 2017, I checked the CM/ECF docket for this bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding and determined that the following persons are on the Electronic Mail Notice List to receive NEF transmission at the email addresses stated below:
 - Ron Bender rb@Inbyb.com
 - Cathrine M Castaldi ccastaldi@brownrudnick.com
 - russell.clementson@usdoj.gov Russell Clementson
 - Aaron S Craig acraig@kslaw.com, lperry@kslaw.com
 - Monica Y Kim myk@Inbrb.com, myk@ecf.inforuptcy.com
 - Krikor J Meshefejian kim@Inbrb.com
 - S Margaux Ross margaux.ross@usdoj.gov
 - United States Trustee (SV) ustpregion16.wh.ecf@usdoj.gov

Sharon Z. Weiss	sharon.weiss@bryancave.com, raul.morales@bryancave.com
	☐ Service information continued on attached page

2. SERVED BY UNITED STATES MAIL:

On (date) October 3, 2017, I served the following persons and/or entities at the last known addresses in this bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope in the United States mail, first class, postage prepaid, and addressed as follows. Listing the judge here constitutes a declaration that mailing to the judge will be completed no later than 24 hours after the document is filed.

Service information continued on attached page

3. SERVED BY PERSONAL DELIVERY, OVERNIGHT MAIL, FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION OR EMAIL (state method for each person or entity served): Pursuant to F.R.Civ.P. 5 and/or controlling LBR, on (date) October 3, 2017, I served the following persons and/or entities by personal delivery, overnight mail service, or (for those who consented in writing to such service method), by facsimile transmission and/or email as follows. Listing the judge here constitutes a declaration that personal delivery on, or overnight mail to, the judge will be completed no later than 24 hours after the document is filed.

BY PERSONAL DELIVERY

Hon, Martin R. Barash US Bankruptcy Court Central District of California 21041 Burbank Blvd., Suite 342/Ctrm. 303 Woodland Hills, CA 91367

This form is mandatory. It has been approved for use by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California.

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		Service information continued on attached page
declare under penalty	of perjury under the laws of the United States tha	t the foregoing is true and correct.
October 3, 2017	Christina O'Meara	/s/Christina O'Meara
Date	Printed Name	Signature

This form is mandatory. It has been approved for use by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California.

SERVED BY U.S. MAIL:

United States Trustee 915 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 1850 Los Angeles, CA 90017	U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Attn: Bankruptcy Counsel 444 South Flower Street, Suite 900 Los Angeles, CA 90071-9591	
Secured Creditor Radians Wareham Holding, Inc. Attn: Mike Tutor, CEO 5305 Distriplex Farms Memphis, TN 38141	Counsel to Radians Wareham Holdings E. Franklin Childress, Jr. Baker, Donelson, Bearman, Caldwell & Berkowitz, PC 165 Madison Ave, Suite 2000 Memphis, Tennessee 38103	Counsel to Radians Wareham Holdings Sharon Z. Weiss Bryan Cave 120 Broadway, Suite 300 Santa Monica, CA 90401
Top 20 Unsecured Creditors:		
Advantage Media Services, Inc. Attn: Steven Helmle 29010 Commerce Center Drive Valencia, CA 91355	Danny Negara Mercindo Global Manufaktur Jl. Raya Semarang-Bawen Km.29 SEemerang, Central Java 50661, Indonesia	Eliza Yang Nantong Changbang Gloves Co. Flat/RM 1602 Chit Lee Comm Bldg 30-36, Shau Kei Wan Road Hong Kong, China
Gerard BDO USA, LLP P. O. BOX 677973 Dallas, TX 75267-7973	Kwong PT JJ GLOVES INDO JL Ronggowarsito, Mlese, Ceper Bonded Zone, Klaten Central Java, Indonesia, 57463	Mark Robba PT SPORT GLOVE INDONESIA Krandon Desa Pandowoharjo Sleman Yogyakarta, Indonesia, 55512
Daniel Gomes Capital One Bank P. O. BOX 1917 Merrifield, VA 22116-1917	Brent Waters Resources Global Professionals P.O. Box 740909 Los Angeles, CA 90074-0909	Skadden Arps Slate Meagher & Flom LLP P O Box 1764 White Plains, NY 10602
Carol Pearson FedEx PO Box 7221 Pasadena, CA 91109-7321	Risk Consulting Partners 24722 Network Place Chicago, IL 60673-1247	Robert Tejeda Stubbs, Alderton & Markiles, LLP 15260 Ventura Blvd 20th Floor Sherman Oaks, CA 91403
Ms. Vicz Yue Ka Hung Glove Inustrial Co. Ltd. Fujian Quanzhou Jiacheng Leather Chi Feng Road, Quanzhou City Fujian, 362000, China	Shur-Sales & Marketing, Inc. 3830 S Windermere St. Englewood, CO 80110	John Calhoun Synetra 1110 E. State Highway 114 Suite 200 Southlake, TX 76092
Sky Lin Marusan - Mimasu Tshusho Co. Ltd. No 1 Queen' Road Central Hong Kong China	Carla Durand University of Milwaukee P O Box 500 University of Wisconsin - Milwaukee Milwaukee, WI 53201	Bradley J. S. Weiss Winspeed Sports Shanghai Co., Ltd. 858 Mingzhu Road Shanghai China, 00020-1702

Janice Lee	Liliana Dominguez	1920 Hutton Court
Woneel Midas Leathers	Yellow and Roadway	Attn: Johnny Clark
Jl Gembor Raya Desa Pasirjaya	P. O. Box 100129	Inwood National Bank
Tangerang	Pasadena, CA 91355	P O Box 857413
Banten, Indonesia, 15135	,	Richardson, TX 7508